Ecole Elizabeth Barret School Council Regular Meeting 2:00-3:00 pm, Wednesday April 18, 2018 EEBS Learning Commons (or Conference Room)

- 1. Welcome and attendance
 - a. Heather D, Vanessa V, Leah P, Sara P. Amanda S, Susan Lowry (Chair) , Lisa Preston (acting secretary) Veronica Hooper, Susan Parker
 - b. Regrets from Fiona Gilbert, Renata L
- 2. Minutes for March 21, 2018 were approved (Motion by Lisa P, Second by Heather D)
- 3. The Agenda was approved for April 18, 2018 (Motion by Leah P, Second by Lisa P)
- "Voting Booth" explained, and individuals began to indicate their Preference for Resolutions at ASCA AGM (voting continued throughout meeting). The <u>2018 ASCA</u> <u>AGM resolution preview revised</u> was available for consideration at the meeting, and is attached as Appendix 1.
- 5. School Update (Susan Parker/Veronica Hooper)
 - a. Work on the annual School Education Plan (SEP) is in progress. The plan looks at successes in EB and how to support students in the future. We are on the 4th year of a 4-year plan. Veronica and Susan are available for conversations about the SEP, which is due May 25. SEPs will be shared with other feeder schools for Manachaban and Cochrane High in a meeting. Adminstration is still looking for parental quotes for SEP.
 - b. Dog Therapy Program will be coming to EB! The dog involved is Chestermere Dog Therapy Approved. Consideration for students who are scared of dogs will be given to allow all students to feel safe.
 - c. Grade 5 student report on Camp Kiwanis (Thank you to Hanna, Taylor and Thomas who shared their experiences with us!). The students enjoyed:
 - having time to build their friendships;
 - interacting with counsellors, who helped if a student was feeling homesick;
 - being outside in the fresh air;
 - playing large group games that involved communication and team work, and taught about ecosystems (i.e. food webs);
 - the great food which included meatballs, pulled pork and dessert at lunch and supper;
 - orienteering;
 - nature nooks (places for quiet time after lunch).

Advice the grade 5s would pass on to future camp students includes: bring lots of socks and layers; and cooperate.

- 6. School Board Update (Fiona Gilbert)
 - a. Last week, the Board made a decision about the anticipated transportation shortfall for 2017-18. An email was sent out to all parents last Thursday outlining the decision. Key points from the email received from RVS include:
 - i. Picking up students to fill rural buses
 - ii. Refraining from entering rural cul-de-sacs unless the length exceeds 800 m (while ensuring student safety)
 - iii. Adjusting school bell time to accommodate more double runs in all urban communities, while maintaining early dismissal Fridays. (School bell times may need to be shifted).

7. Updates from

- a. Volunteer Co-ordinator; Heather D
 - Library has a volunteer one day a week, but more are needed please! Discussed how we may be able to get more volunteers if parents understand there are ways to bring their younger children with them? Make sure to mention volunteering at Kindergarten orientation, 6:30-7:30 May 16, 2018. (Note: this is the same day as our AGM).
- b. Hot-Lunch Co-ordinator; Kristi W
 - i. There is only one date left to be filled on the hot lunch calendar! (Thank you to Heather for passing on the new volunteer names to Kristi)
- c. Secretary: None
- d. Treasurer: See Attached statements

	INCOME STATEMENT (to March				
INCOME	Healthy Lunch Sales Sponsors		\$20,623.00 \$0.00 \$20,623.00		
EXPENSE	Lunch Vendors	\$14,058.32			
	Events Admin Gift	\$469.81 \$0.00 \$0.00 \$14,528.13			
NET INCOME <mark>(I</mark>	.OSS)		\$6,094.87		
Previous Bank Ba	SCHOOL CASH ONLINE (to March 31, 2018) Previous Bank Balance forward \$10,247.05				
Paid into School C	Paid into School Cash Account \$20,623.00				
Paid from School Cash Account- expenses\$14,528.13Paid from School Cash Account- transferred to EB\$4,000.00Paid from School Cash Account- transferred to EB re: prior periods					
Ending Balance in SCO Account			\$12,341.92		
ASSET Cash -	BALANCE SHEET (at March 3 SchoolCashOnline	1, 2018) 	\$12,341.92		
LIABILITY Outsta	\$1,002.40				
NET CURRENT ASSETS			\$11,339.52		

8. Old Business:

- a. Notice of Motion for May AGM, regarding Personal Information Privacy Act (PIPA)
 - i. We need to amend our operating guidelines (OG) at the May AGM to include a more complete privacy policy. The current OG state:

19. Privacy

The school council shall adhere to the Personal Information Protection Act 9 (PIPA) and shall not use or share personal information for the purposes other than those of School Council business.

The Alberta School Council Association recommends a more detailed policy. At the AGM we will make a motion to rescind section 19 and replace section 19 with:

The Ecole Elizabeth Barrett School Council shall use all reasonable means to comply with the Personal Information Protection Act (PIPA).

To help facilitate compliance with PIPA, the following Guidelines are in place:

- 1. As per sections 9A and 9B of the operating guidelines, the Cochairs and Secretary are responsible for personal information.
- 2. The EEBS Council shall collect only personal information this is required to fulfill its role as a school council to communicate with parents or guardians of students enrolled at EEBS.
- 3. The school council shall indicate the purpose for which the information is being collected and how it will be used when acquiring consent.
- 4. Personal information shall be used only for the purpose stated when it was collected unless consent is obtained for an alternative use.
- 5. The EEBS council shall disclose an individual's personal information, held by the school council, to that individual upon request.
- 6. The school council shall ensure that all personal information is accurate, protected from unauthorized access, and destroyed safely once it is no longer needed.
- **TASK:** A question was raised about how long the personal information needs to be kept for. Lisa will investigate.
- b. ASCA Conference and AGM:
 - i. Proxy Voter for ASCA Resolutions is in place. A copy of the summary being sent to our Proxy is included as Appendix 2.
 - 1. <u>Assess areas where group consensus exists and establish EEBS</u> vote at the ASCA 2018 AGM: The group present expressed agreement on:
 - a. SR 18-01: Repeal and Replace (support);
 - b. P18-02: Cumulative CEU cap (support);
 - c. P18-03B: Enhanced Teacher Training (support);
 - d. P18-03C: Class size and Composition (support);
 - e. P18-05: PRISM toolkit and Curriculum development (against).
 - 2. <u>Discuss resolutions that have been identified as requiring more</u> <u>information:</u> The group discussed the following resolutions and came to consensus on
 - P18-03A: Early Screening: Discussion centered on how challenging and unlikely it would be that every student could be screened. Discussed how this is a motion to allow ASCA to advocate to increase the number of

students being screened, and realize that screening for every student is unlikely to occur.

- b. P18-04: Religion and Sexual Content in Student Led Clubs: Discussed how as parents some of us would want to know if our children were participating in a GSA, and how we would support that decision. Acknowledged that not every family would be safe if the family knew that their child was participating in a GSA.
- c. P18-01: Discussed how onerous and overwhelming the process of doing a Criminal Record Check (CRC) would be every year, and that a CRC is just one piece of screening volunteers and keeping students safe.
- 3. Establish consensus for above resolutions where possible.
 - P18-03A: Early Screening: (Abstain, unless an amendment was included that changed the statement from ALL students to increasing the number of children screened. We would also support an amendment that would increase follow through after a screen has been completed.)
 - b. P18-04: Religion and Sexual Content in Student Led Clubs (Against)
- 4. If the support for that resolution is mixed, then abstain from voting for resolution at ASCA 2018 AGM, and: 5: If there is insufficient time to discuss and establish consensus for a resolution, the EEBS school council will abstain from voting for that resolution at the ASCA 2018 AGM. Due to mixed support and insufficient time to achieve consensus, EEBSC will abstain from:
 - a. P18-01 Annual Criminal Record Checks;
 - b. P18-06 Healthy Food at Schools
- 9. New Business:
 - a. None
- 10. Motion to adjournment at 3:07, by Vanessa V
- 11. Next Meeting (AGM May 16, 6:30 pm, Learning Commons)
- 12. Announcements:
 - a. EBSFA (Fundraising) meeting follows at 3. The Vendor Night that was held on Friday April 12 MAY still have ongoing opportunities to make purchase that support EB. Stay tuned for more information!



ASCA Board proposed Special Resolutions and member school council proposed draft advocacy Issue Resolutions for the 2018 ASCA AGM as of March 28, 2018

Summary Table

#	Title	Sponsor	Contact
SR18-01	Repeal and Replace Objects of the ASCA	ASCA Board of Directors	Wendy Keiver wendyk@albertaschoolcouncils.ca
P18-01	Provincial Standard for Annual Criminal Record Check	Peace Wapiti Academy School Council (Peace Wapiti)	Tina Nelson Christinalesley@hotmail.com
P18-02	Cumulative CEU cap per High School Student	Peace Wapiti Academy School Council (Peace Wapiti)	Tina Nelson Christinalesley@hotmail.com
P18-03A, P18-03B, P18-03C	Supports for Learning Success for all Students: Early Screening; Enhanced Teacher Training; Class Size and Composition	Ekota School Council (Edmonton Public)	Greta Gerstner Gerstner.andreas@yahoo.ca
P18-04	Religion and Sexual Content within StudentLed Clubs	Raymond High, Raymond Elementary, Cardston Elementary, Mountain View School Councils (Westwind)	Tammy Hill Tjhill5@hotmail.com
P18-05	PRISM ATA Toolkit and Provincial Curriculum Development	Raymond High, Raymond Elementary, Cardston Elementary, Mountain View School Councils (Westwind)	Tammy Hill <u>Tjhill5@hotmail.com</u>

P18-06	Ensuring Healthy Food at Schools	Belgravia School (Edmonton Public)	Council	Kim Kelly kpkelly@ualberta.ca
	for our Children and Youth			

1

THE OBJECTS OF ALBERTA SCHOOL COUNCILS' ASSOCIATION:

(OBJECTS = PURPOSE = WHY DOES ASCA EXIST?)

SPECIAL RESOLUTION 18-01

SR18-01

That the Alberta School Councils' Association repeal its existing Objects:

To promote a quality publicly funded education for all children.

To support the provision of quality education in cooperation with parents and the community.

To provide school councils an opportunity to participate in and influence decisions for education.

To liaise with governmental bodies and other organizations concerned with the education and welfare of children. To encourage the development of effective school councils and networks of school councils.

To be replaced with the following Objects:

To promote an inclusive, quality publicly funded education for all children.

To support the provision of inclusive, quality education in cooperation with parents, school councils and the community.

To provide school councils an opportunity to participate in and influence decisions for education which will enhance student learning.

To liaise with representatives of the Alberta Government, Alberta Education, education stakeholders and partners to advance the parent voice as received through school councils.

To assist with the development and growth of effective school councils and networks of school councils.

Rationale:

ASCA members last approved revisions to the ASCA Objects in 1998, when they were imbedded within the bylaws. In the mid-2000's, when the process changed requiring that Objects be removed from the bylaws, the Objects were never filed with Corporate Registry as a "standalone" foundational document, and therefore need to be submitted as such. At the recommendation of Corporate Registry, the simplest way to do this is through a Special Resolution to "repeal and replace".

Provincial Standard for Annual Criminal Record Checks

Sponsored by: Peace Wapiti Academy School Council Contact: Tina Nelson via email at christinalesley@hotmail.com

Because Alberta Education should have the highest standards where student safety and wellbeing is concerned;

Because annual criminal record and vulnerable sector checks will improve levels of confidence that people working with children in schools will honour and promote safe and caring environments;

Because it is important to protect students from predatory behavior;

Because it can reduce liability for a school board;

Because it is impossible for administration to know employees well enough to be aware of their involvement in criminal behavior;

Because this is an area where parental concern, school concern and societal concern are directly aligned;

Because other provincial ministries require an annual criminal record and vulnerable sector check (E.g. Family Supports for Children with Disabilities (FSCD), Alberta Agriculture with the 4H Program);

We request that Alberta Education develop a provincial standard that requires school authorities to conduct annual criminal record and vulnerable sector checks for all employees and volunteers of school authorities under the authority of Alberta Education.

Cumulative CEU cap per High School Student

Sponsored by: Peace Wapiti Academy School Council Contact: Tina Nelson via email at christinalesley@hotmail.com

Background:

Schools have resources to support access to programs that students may choose to engage in outside of the classroom setting such as Registered Apprenticeship Program (RAP), Green Certificate, Work Experience, Citizenship Programs, Career Classes, Summer School Programming, Driver's Education, First Responders, and Locally Developed Courses such as Paleontology

Because students who may experience gap time in their learning (for personal, social or emotional reasons) should be able to access resources that will see them able to build a graduation plan with a shorter time frame;

Because students who desire to graduate within two years, should be able to access resources that will allow them to build a plan to attain this goal; *Because* these programs support diverse student populations;

Because students in non-academic programs are more likely to engage in options which are impacted the most by the current CEU cap;

Because a cumulative CEU cap per high school student could improves access to the variety of programs which will maintain student interest and engagement in their education

Because the relevancy of what high school students are learning prepares them for careers and post-secondary training to fit with their individual goals for success;

Because these programs provide opportunities that motivate students to become successful high school graduates;

Because the current CEU cap may impact the resources required to continue with initiatives introduced through high school redesign to build more supportive and flexible learning opportunities for students;

We request that Alberta Education replace the annual CEU cap of 45 per high school student with a cumulative CEU per high school student cap of 135 for the tenure of the student's high school experience.

P18-03A

Supports for Learning Success of all Students: Early Screening

Sponsored by: Ekota School Council Contact: Greta Gerstner via email at Gerstner.andreas@yahoo.ca

Background:

When schools fail to provide enough support for students, the social, emotional and behavioural challenges that often come along with learning and attention issues can lead to serious consequences. These include social isolation, anxiety, depression, suicide ideation, disproportionate disciplinary rates and an increased likelihood of skipping school, dropping out and becoming involved with the criminal justice system. With the appropriate, timely intervention, these students can go on to achieve high levels of success. Learning and attention issues are more common than many people think, affecting 1 in 5 children. With supportive policies and increased awareness among parents, educators and communities, these students can thrive academically, socially and emotionally.

https://www.ncld.org/the-state-of-learning-disabilities-understanding-the-1-in-5

https://www.ncld.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/03/Executive-Summary.Fin .03142017.pdf

https://www.ncld.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/03/1-in-5-Snapshot.Fin .03142017.pdf

We believe mandatory early screening for reading readiness in conjunction with the Early Years Evaluation (EYE) in Kindergarten is needed to identify children with learning challenges sooner. If we can identify children sooner, we can provide appropriate support at the earliest opportunity so that children do not need to fail before they receive help.

Because early screening for learning and developmental challenges can identify necessary learning supports at the commencement of a child's educational journey;

We request that the Alberta School Councils' Association advocate to the Ministry of Education for mandatory early screening for learning and developmental challenges so that children will be identified earlier in their educational journey, receive the needed supports and resources and experience success from the beginning.

P18-03B

Supports for Learning Success of all Students: Enhanced Teacher Training

Sponsored by: Ekota School Council Contact: Greta Gerstner via email at <u>Gerstner.andreas@yahoo.ca</u>

Background:

We believe that enhanced teacher training specifically in learning challenges is needed so that teachers are better equipped to manage increasingly diverse classrooms. New teachers are coming out of University with only one special education course in their four-year degree which will not equip them to teach in an inclusive setting. Many experienced teachers have never had any formal training in learning challenges. We need to give our teachers the training they need so they can help all children learn.

Because enhanced teacher training will result in teachers having the skills they need to teach in increasingly diverse classrooms;

We request that the Alberta School Councils' Association will advocate to the Ministry of Education that each teacher receive enhanced teacher training so that they are each better prepared to meet the diverse and complex learning needs of children in classrooms;

P18-03C

Supports for Learning Success of all Students: Class Size and Composition

Sponsored by: Ekota School Council Contact: Greta Gerstner via email at Gerstner.andreas@yahoo.ca

Background:

We believe that class size and composition need to be considered when determining what supports and resources are needed to teach in a classroom based on the needs of the children and teacher. We must stop expecting the teacher to be an expert on all learning challenges. We need teachers to have the ability to have a reading specialist help a child with reading disabilities and a Psychologist help a child with mental health challenges so that their needs are properly met. We need to have the experts who are trained providing that support to children, as they can modify what supports they provide depending on how a child is progressing.

Because class size and student learning needs are necessary considerations when resources and support allocations are determined for classrooms;

We request that the Alberta School Councils' Association will advocate to the Ministry of Education that class size and composition must be considered when determining what supports and resources are needed to teach in a classroom based on the needs of the students and the classroom teacher.

6

Religion and Sexual Content within Student-Led Clubs

Sponsored by: Raymond High School Council

Co-Sponsors: Raymond Elementary School, Cardston Elementary School, Mountain View School Councils Contact: Tammy Hill via email at <u>tjhill5@hotmail.com</u>

Background:

Student-led clubs are for the purpose of promoting a welcoming, caring, respectful, and safe place for all students. Students being exposed to religion or sexual content without parental notice and consent, in any situation related to the school, violates Section 50.1(1) of the School Act, as well as Section 21(6)(c) of the Family Law Act and Article 18(4) of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights.

The discussion of religion or sexuality and/or sexual morality are not to be discussed without parental notice and consent of all involved. This protects children who are not developmentally capable of understanding what is being presented, children who have suffered from sexual abuse, and children who are especially vulnerable to sexual exploitation and/or abuse. Religion and sexual content may also go against morals parents are teaching their children.

Section 50.1 (1) of the School Act states that "A board shall provide notice to a parent of a student where courses of study, educational programs or instructional materials, or instruction or exercises, include subject-matter that deals primarily and explicitly with religion or human sexuality. <u>http://www.qp.alberta.ca/documents/Acts/F04P5.pdf</u>

Section 21 (6) of the Family Act states that the parent/guardian is (c) to make decisions about the child's education, including the nature, extent and place of education and any participation in extracurricular school activities; (d) to make decisions regarding the child's cultural, linguistic, religious and spiritual upbringing and heritage. <u>http://www.qp.alberta.ca/documents/Acts/F04P5.pdf</u>

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights, G.A. Res. 217 A (III), U.N. Doc. A/810 (1948) states in Article 26(3): Parents have a prior right to choose the kind of education that shall be given to their children. <u>http://www.un.org/en/universal-declaration-human-rights/index.html</u>

The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 999 U.N.T.S. 171, to which Canada is a signatory, states in Article 18(4): The States Parties to the present Covenant undertake to have respect for the liberty of parents and, when applicable, legal guardians to ensure the religious and moral education of their children in conformity with their own convictions.

https://treaties.un.org/doc/publication/unts/volume%20999/volume-999-i-14668- english.pdf

Because as outlined in the aforementioned Acts, parents have a right to choose the kind of education given to their child, and of being informed.

Because while it is important for these clubs, etc. to be established, it is also important to monitor the activities and content of these clubs.

Because parents have a right to be aware of all clubs, and any content that may differ from their cultural, religious, or spiritual heritage.

Because it is also important that the activities and content be monitored for the safety of all involved. *Because* this will safeguard our children, as well as those who may present such material or counselling. *Because* in the Criminal Code, any who counsels anyone under 16, for a sexual purpose, is guilty of an indictable offence. It needs to be made certain, for all involved, that clubs and organizations promoted by Alberta Education do not allow such counselling to happen. <u>http://lawslois.justice.gc.ca/eng/acts/C46/page-33.html</u>

We request that the school communicate with the school council prior to any religious or sexually related content being taught, distributed, or presented through student-led clubs, committees, events, or organizations that are promoted by the school.

We further request that Alberta Education provide clear recommendations to the school divisions as to how these clubs will be safely monitored to ensure they remain safe, caring and welcoming for all involved; this includes the close monitoring of religious or sexually related content being presented or distributed.

7

PRISM ATA Toolkit and Provincial Curriculum Development

Sponsored by: Raymond High School Council

Co-Sponsors: Raymond Elementary School, Cardston Elementary School, Mountain View School Councils Contact: Tammy Hill via email at <u>tjhill5@hotmail.com</u>

Background:

The Family Law Act sec. 21 states that parents have the legal right to the following:

(5)(a) -To nurture the child's physical, psychological and emotional development and to guide the child towards independent adulthood;

(6)(d) -To make decisions regarding the child's cultural, linguistic, religious and spiritual upbringing and heritage.

http://www.qp.alberta.ca/documents/Acts/F04P5.pdf

In the School Act of Alberta, Section 50.1(1) Page 51, it states:

50.1(1) A board shall provide notice to a parent of a student where courses of study, educational programs or instructional materials, or instruction or exercises, include subject-matter that deals primarily and explicitly with religion or human sexuality.

http://www.qp.alberta.ca/documents/Acts/s03.pdf

In the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms **Section 15**(1) Every individual is equal before and under the law and has the right to equal protection and equal benefit of the law without discrimination and, in particular, without discrimination based on race, national or ethnic origin, colour, religion, sex, age or mental or physical disability.

http://publications.gc.ca/collections/Collection/CH37-4-3-2002E.pdf

In the Alberta Bill of Rights, it states under the Recognition and Declaration of Rights and Freedoms:

1 It is hereby recognized and declared that in Alberta there exist without discrimination by reason of race, national origin, colour, religion, sexual orientation, sex, gender identity or gender expression, the following human rights and fundamental freedoms, namely:

(g) the right of parents to make informed decisions respecting the education of their children.

These documents provide evidence that parents need to be able to make decisions for their child regarding education. As well, the documents state the need for equality for ALL; therefore, all diversities need to be acknowledged, respected and protected.

The PRISM ATA Toolkit states:

"The PRISM toolkit was created to help teachers promote safe and supportive classroom discussions about sexual minorities and gender variance. PRISM is an acronym for "Professionals Respecting and supporting Individual Sexual Minorities." Like the brilliant and varying colours of the rainbow refracted through a prism, Alberta's students are a vibrant kaleidoscope of diversity. A diverse classroom environment is rich in possibility for teaching and learning for both students and teachers. An inclusive school environment allows all students to feel safe and thrive." https://www.teachers.ab.ca/For%20Members/Professional%20Development/Diversity%20and%20Hum an%20Rights/Resources/Pages/PRISM-Toolkit.aspx

9

To reemphasize, Alberta students are "a vibrant kaleidoscope of diversity....An inclusive school environment allows **all students to feel safe and thrive.**"

Because our students are diverse in many ways, including ethnic, religious, and cultural ways, we need to be aware of all diversities. While gender minorities need to be respected and welcomed, we also need to make those with strong ethnic or religious beliefs also feel respected and welcomed. There are diverse beliefs regarding gender and sexual orientation, just as there are on religion and culture. *Because* students need to be protected in the following ways:

- a) The consideration for the mental, emotional, and psycho-social development of each child;
- b) Respect and sensitivity for the diverse cultural and religious backgrounds of the families of each child;

Because The PRISM ATA Toolkit challenges the type of education, psychological and emotional development, religious beliefs, and cultural upbringing that is the right of the parents to decide and/or be nurtured for their children if it is implemented as curriculum.

We request that The PRISM document not be implemented into the Alberta Education curriculum, but remain a resource for teachers to ensure a safe, caring and welcoming classroom for all. It is important all diversities are respected in Alberta Education.

Sponsor provided link:

https://www.teachers.ab.ca/For%20Members/Professional%20Development/Diversity%20and%20Hum an%20Rights/Resources/Pages/PRISM-Toolkit.aspx

Ensuring Healthy Food at Schools for our Children and Youth

Sponsored by: Belgravia School Council Contact: K. Kelly via email at kpkelly@ualberta.ca

Background:

The Alberta Medical Association, an organization of over 10, 000 physicians, resident physicians and medical students, passed a motion in March 2017: "that the AMA lobby the Minister of Education for mandatory adherence to the Alberta Nutrition Guidelines for Children and Youth in Alberta schools." To date, there has been no government action on this issue.

Because currently, schools can choose whether or not they adhere to the Alberta Nutrition Guidelines for Children and Youth;

Because there is no mandatory monitoring or reporting of school compliance the result is that the availability of healthy food found in schools varies greatly across the province.

Because one in three children in Canada are overweight², with similar statistics found in Alberta. *Because* huge gains could be made towards improving the health of our children and youth. *Because* healthy nutrition plays a significant role in improving the health outcomes for children and youth and is a part of a Comprehensive School Health approach in schools.

Because evidence shows that healthy students are better learners¹.

Because with over 60 school Boards in Alberta, it is almost impossible to make progress on this issue lobbying board by board.

We request that the Minister of Education mandate adherence to the Alberta Nutrition Guidelines of Children and Youth for schools in Alberta, and that that this mandate include a means to monitor and report school compliance.

We further request that ASCA work with or advocate to ASBA to get this advice out to all school boards Sponsor provided links to research:

1) Health and education are interdependent: healthy students are better learners, and bettereducated individuals are healthier. Research has shown that comprehensive school health is an effective way to enhance that linkage, improving both health¹ and educational outcomes² and encouraging healthy behaviours that last a lifetime.

In the classroom, comprehensive school health facilitates improved academic achievement and can lead to fewer behavioural problems³. In the broader school environment, it helps students develop the skills they need to be physically and emotionally healthy for life.

Footnotes:

1 Stewart-Brown, S. (2006). What is the evidence on school health promotion in improving health or preventing disease and, specifically, what is the effectiveness of the health promoting schools approach? Copenhagen, WHO Regional Office for Europe (Health Evidence Network report; http://www.euro.who.int/document/e88185.pdf, accessed 16 Sep. 2008).

- 2 Murray, N.D., Low, B.J., Hollis, C., Cross, A. Davis, S. (2007). Coordinated school health programs and academic achievement: a systematic review of the literature. Journal of School Health, 77 (9), 589-599.
- 3 IBID

Above found at:<u>http://jcsh-cces.ca/index.php/about/comprehensive-school-health</u>

11

2) In 1978/79, about one in four children (23.3%; 95% CI: 20.5–26.0) was overweight or obese. https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5129778/#B09 . This proportion is now closer to one in three (31.4%; 95% CI: 26.4–36.4).

Public Health Agency of Canada; Ottawa (ON): 2011 Nov 25 [cited 2016 Feb 5]. Actions taken and future directions 2011: curbing childhood obesity: a federal, provincial and territorial framework for action to promote healthy weights. Available from: <u>http://www.phacaspc.gc.ca/hp-ps</u> /hl-mvs/framework-cadre/2011/hw-os-2011-eng.php.

Ecole Elizabeth Barrett School Council

Resolutions at ASCA AGM April 22, 2018: Information for our Proxy, April Cardinal

#	Title	EBSC vote	Comments
SR18-01	Repeal and Replace Objects of the ASCA	Support (Yes)	
P18-01	Provincial Standard for Annual Criminal Record Check	Abstain	
P18-02	Cumulative CEU cap per High School Student	Support (Yes)	
P18-03A, P18-03B, P18-03C	Supports for Learning Success for all Students: A: Early Screening; B: Enhanced Teacher Training; C: Class Size and Composition	A: Abstain B: Support (Yes) C: Support (Yes)	Note: If motion A is amended in any way that will increase the number of children to be screened without making it so <u>all</u> children are screened <u>please support the motion</u> . We would also support an amendment that would increase follow through with students after a screen is complete.
P18-04	Religion and Sexual Content Within Student Led Clubs	Against (NO)	
P18-05	PRISM ATA Toolkit and Provincial Curriculum Development	Against (NO)	
P18-06	Ensuring Healthy Food at Schools for our Children and Youth	Abstain	